

## **FUND DETAILS AT 31 JANUARY 2011**

Domestic - Fixed Interest - Bond Sector: Inception date: 1 October 2004 Fund managers: Sandy McGregor, Andrew Lapping

#### Fund objective:

The Fund aims to provide investors with a return superior to the All Bond Index at no greater risk, over an interest rate cycle. The Fund seeks to preserve at least the nominal value of investors' capital.

## Suitable for those investors who:

- Are looking for returns in excess of that provided by money market or cash
- Seek a bond 'building block' for a diversified multi-asset class portfolio
- Are prepared to accept some risk of capital depreciation in exchange for the prospect of earning increased returns
- Want to draw a regular income stream without consuming capital

Price:	R 10.60
Size:	R 289 m
Minimum lump sum per investor account:	R20 000
Minimum lump sum per fund:	R5 000
Minimum debit order per fund:	R 500*
Additional lump sum per fund:	R 500
No. of bond holdings:	41
Fund duration:	4.15
Gross yield (before fees as at 30 June 2010):	8.45%
Income distribution: 01/01/10 - 31/12/10 (cents per unit)	Total 84.31
Distributes quarterly	

### Annual management fee:

The annual management fee rate is dependent on the return of the Fund relative to its benchmark, the BEASSA Total Return All Bond Index (adjusted for fund expenses and cash flows) over a rolling one-year period. The fee hurdle (above which a fee greater than the minimum fee of 0.25% is charged) is performance equal to the benchmark. The manager's sharing rate is 25% of the outperformance of the benchmark over a rolling one-year period with a maximum fee of 0.75% (excl. VAT) per annum.

# **COMMENTARY**

Movements in the local bond market continue to demonstrate the sensitivity of South African bonds to foreign flows. South Africa is reliant on these flows because of a low domestic savings rate and sizeable government borrowing requirement. There are indications that the downward path of inflation of the past two years is being reversed. Short-term interest rates are probably at the bottom of their cycle. Given the combination of these circumstances, we believe a cautious investment stance is appropriate. The Fund's duration remains significantly below that of its All Bond Index benchmark.

Tel 0860 000 654 or +27 (0)21 415 2301 Fax 0860 000 655 or +27 (0)21 415 2492 info@allangray.co.za www.allangray.co.za

# **ALLAN GRAY BOND FUND**

#### TOP 10 FUND HOLDINGS 1

## Yield to maturity 2

JSE code	Maturity date % of portfol		31 January 2011		
R203	15/09/2017	28.0	8.395		
WS04	30/05/2016	9.3	8.405		
ES23	25/01/2023	5.3	9.240		
R207	15/01/2020	4.2	8.635		
R206	15/01/2014	3.5	7.390		
ES15	30/08/2015	3.5	8.435		
AB05	01/09/2012	2.3	8.130		
R208	31/03/2021	2.0	8.645		
MTN3	13/07/2015	2.0	9.225		
TN20	17/09/2020	1.7	9.835		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Top 10 Fund holdings at 31 December 2010. Updated quarterly.

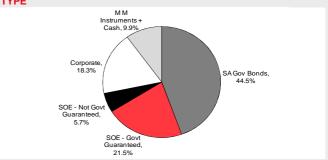
# TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010<sup>3</sup>

TO THE ENGLISHED FOR THE TENK ENDED OF DECEMBER 2010					
Total expense ratio	Included in TER				
	Investment management fee <sup>4</sup> 0.49%		Trading costs	Other expenses	
	Performance component	Fee at benchmark	Trading costs	Other expenses	
0.53%	0.20%	0.29%	0.00%	0.04%	

<sup>3</sup> A Total Expense Ratio (TER) is a measure of a portfolio's assets that are relinquished as operating expenses. The total operating expenses are expressed as a percentage of the average value of the portfolio, calculated for the year to the end of December 2010. Included in average value or the portrollo, calculated for the year to the end of December 2010. Included in the TER is the proportion of costs that are incurred by the performance component, fee at benchmark, trading costs (including brokerage, VAT, STT, STRATE and insider trading levy) and other expenses. These are disclosed separately as percentages of the net asset value. A higher TER ratio does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs. The information provided is applicable to class A units.

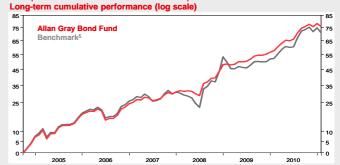
<sup>4</sup> Including VAT. The investment management fee rate for three months ending 31 January 2011 was **0.29%**.

#### **TYPE**



# **PERFORMANCE**

Fund performance shown net of all fees and expenses



% Returns	Fund	Benchmark <sup>5</sup>
Since inception (unannualised)	76.0	71.1
Latest 5 years (annualised)	8.0	7.3
Latest 3 years (annualised)	10.0	9.4
Latest 1 year	11.4	12.2
Risk measures (Since inception month end prices)		
Percentage positive months	75.0	68.4
Annualised monthly volatility	4.9	7.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> All Bond Index. Source: I-Net Bridge, performance as calculated by Allan Gray as at

\*Only available to South African residents

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (unit trusts) are generally medium- to long-term investments. The value of units may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily a guide to the future. Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the company/scheme. Commissions and incentives may be paid and if so, would be included in the overall costs. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions from the portfolio divided by the number of units in issue. Declarations of income accruals are made quarterly. Purchase and redemption requests must be received by the manager by 14:00 each business day and fund valuations take place at approximately 16:00 each business day. Forward fees, bank charges and trustee fees. The Fund may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the manager. No commissions or incentives are paid. The Fund may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed in accordance with its mandate. Total Expense Ratio (TER): When investing, costs are only a part of an investment decision. The investment objective of the Fund should be compared with the investor's objective and then the performance of the investment and whether it represents value for money should be compared with the investor's objective and then the performance of the investment and whether it represents value for money should be compared with the investor's objective and then the performance of the Fund should be compared with the investor's objective and then the performance of the investment and whether it represents value for money should be compared with the inve

<sup>2</sup> Updated monthly.

Only available to South African residents